

A Remote and Real-time Monitoring System for Smart Healthcare Applications

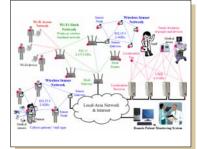


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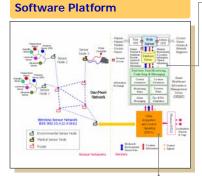
Abstract

This work designs and implements advanced wireless communications network and software platform that can be deployed in clinics, emergency rooms, hospitals, ... in order to reduce costs and to improve the quality of healthcare services. Patient's vital signs healthcare services. Patient's vital signs (including heart rate, oxygen saturation, blood pressure, ECG waveform, body temperature) and clinical environmental parameters (including temperature, humidity, light intensity) are remotely monitored in real-time by wireless sensor networks. Collected data is processed to identify emergency situations and triaces identify emergency situations and trigger actionable responses. Additionally, a web portal is implemented to enable fast and accurate, and secured data access with networked devices

Overall Network Architecture



Medical Sensor Network



Data Acquisition and Control Signalling (DACS) sensor drivers

 data encoders/ decoders, and network signalling protocols

Ensure that the sensed data and control signals

can be distributed **reliably** and **securely** between sensors and servers over integrated networks

* Capable of monitoring patients in real-time with a set of pre-defined medical monitoring rules and decision rules for a specific disease or patient

In emergency cases, the server can automatically generate alarm messages with detailed medical situation descriptions and recommended actionable responses to related components and medical staff

Smart Healthcare Information Management Server (SHIMS)

consists of real-time data monitoring, controlling, and messaging center, database server, web server, and user and administrator GUI's

- analyzes received data identifies different contexts
- recognizes emergent situations

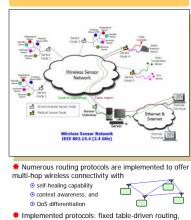
- generates messages to inform patients/patients' family members, or warn medical staff, and
 generates control messages to adapt systems/networks

Wireless Sensor Devices



Graphical User Interfaces and Real-life Applications





flooding, gossip routing, geographic routing, Electro-Magnetic-Interference-aware Routing (EMIR), Energy-Efficient Convergecast Routing (EECR), etc.

Traffic routing adaption (in response to any change in the system) is enabled by a monitoring & controlling channel between network devices and servers configuring parameters of a given routing protocol
 switching between different routing protocols